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Note for the presentation by the Congregation for the Doctrine of the Faith of the Decree *Quo magis* approving seven Eucharistic Prefaces for the forma extraordinaria of the Roman Rite

CONGREGATION FOR THE DOCTRINE OF THE FAITH

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With the Decree *Quo magis* of 22 February 2020, the Congregation for the Doctrine of the Faith, which since January 2019 deals with those matters formerly assigned to the Pontifical Commission "Ecclesia Dei"[1], has approved the text of seven new Eucharistic Prefaces to be used *ad libitum* in the celebration of Mass according to the *forma extraordinaria* of the Roman Rite[2].

This Decree constitutes the completion of the work previously initiated by the aforementioned Pontifical Commission in order to carry out the mandate given by Pope Benedict XVI to add some additional Prefaces to the Missal of the *forma extraordinaria*[3].

The studies carried out lead to the selection of a limited number of texts, to be used for particular occasions such as feasts of Saints, votive Masses or ad hoc celebrations, without making any changes to the celebration of the temporal cycle. This choice was made in order to safeguard, through the unity of texts, the unanimity of sentiments and of prayer that are appropriate for the confession of the mysteries of Salvation celebrated in what constitutes the backbone of the liturgical year. In addition, the historical development of the *Corpus Præfationum* of the *Missale Romanum* up until the middle of the 20th Century shows a general movement towards the use of new prefaces for occasional celebrations rather than for celebrations of the temporal cycle.

At the same time, the opportunity was taken to extend to all those who celebrate in the *Usus Antiquior* the faculty to use three other Prefaces previously approved for certain places. These too are texts for determined occasional celebrations.

Four of the newly approved texts, namely the Prefaces *de Angelis*, *de Sancto Ioanne Baptista*, *de Martyribus* and *de Nuptiis*, are taken from the Missal of the *forma ordinaria*, and for the most part their central section, known as the “embolism”, appear in ancient liturgical sources. In order to guarantee consistency with the rest of the *Corpus Præfationum* of the old Missal, in three cases, the standard forms of Preface conclusion of the *forma extraordinaria* have been used. As indicated, the three other texts (Prefaces *de Omnibus Sanctis et Sanctis Patronis*, *de Sanctissimo Sacramento* and *de Dedicacione ecclesiæ*) are Prefaces previously granted to French and Belgian Dioceses, where they were in use before the post-conciliar liturgical reform. From now on, these may be used wherever Mass is celebrated in the *forma extraordinaria*.

Two of the seven Prefaces will allow to aptly give more prominence to liturgical celebrations in honour of certain leading figures in God’s design, as manifested in the history of Salvation, namely the Angels and St. John the Baptist, which hitherto both lacked a proper Eucharistic Preface in the *Usus Antiquior*. In the same vein, the Preface *de Martyribus* will allow to further underline the eminent character of the gift of martyrdom among the other witnesses of Sequela Christi. Indeed, the first Saints recognized as such were the Martyrs. The Prefaces *de Dedicacione Ecclesiæ*, *de Omnibus Sanctis et Sanctis Patronis* and *de Ss.mo Sacramento*, already in use in some places, will appropriately enrich the celebrations in question with a more suitable eucology than the standard *Præfatio Communis*. Finally, special note should be taken of the Preface *de Nuptiis*, which together with the long Nuptial Blessing still in use in Masses *pro Sponsis*, is to be found – with minor variations – in early Sacramentaries such as the *Gelasianum Vetus* or the *Gregorianum*. This ancient Preface, already existing in the *forma ordinaria*, may therefore now be used in the *forma extraordinaria* as well.

As indicated above, the use or not, in the relevant circumstances, of the newly approved Prefaces remains an *ad libitum* choice. Obviously, the celebrant is expected to make use of good pastoral common sense in this regard. In addition, it should be noted that the Decree does not cancel any eventual concessions of proper Prefaces granted in the past, and therefore in those particular cases where there already exists, on the basis of preceding permissions, and for the same liturgical circumstance, a different particular Preface, one may choose between that Preface and the newly approved text.

[1] Cf. Francis, *Apostolic Letter in the form of Motu Proprio on the Pontifical Commission “Ecclesia Dei”*, 17 January 2019.

[2] The texts of these Prefaces, with the musical notation according to the various tones in use in the *forma extraordinaria*, will be available at the Libreria Editrice Vaticana.

[3] “Some of the new Prefaces can and should be inserted in the old Missal. The “*Ecclesia Dei*” Commission, in contact with various bodies devoted to the *Usus Antiquior*, will study the practical possibilities in this regard”: Benedict XVI, *Letter to the Bishops on the occasion of the publication of the Apostolic Letter “Motu Proprio Data” Summorum Pontificum on the use of the Roman Liturgy prior to the reform of 1970*, AAS 99 (2007) 798. This mandate was further confirmed and completed in 2011 by the Instruction *Universæ Ecclesiæ* of the same Pontifical Commission: cf. Pontifical Commission “*Ecclesia Dei*”, *Instruction on the Application of the Apostolic Letter Summorum Pontificum of His Holiness Benedict XVI given Motu Proprio*, no. 25, AAS 103 (2011) 418.
